

§ 4.7

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{r} \Rightarrow F_c = m \frac{v^2}{r}$$

#70 $r = 3.00 \text{ m}$

$$v = f = \frac{1}{20 \text{ sec}} \Rightarrow \omega = 2\pi f$$

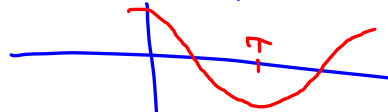
$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$y = A \cos(\omega t - \phi) + D$$

$$v = r\omega = \frac{2\pi(3 \text{ m})}{20 \text{ sec}}$$

$$= \frac{3\pi}{10} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$y(t) = 3 \text{ m} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{20}(t - \pi)\right) + 3 \text{ m}$$



$$x(t) = 3 \text{ m} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{10}\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$d = (x(s), y(s))$$



$$v = x'(t) \vec{i} + y'(t) \vec{j}$$

$$a = x'' \vec{i} + y'' \vec{j}$$