

Name _____ Date _____ Per. _____

PROJECTILE MOTION HELPER

PHYSICS

Objective: Keep your thoughts organized. Be able to identify the given.

GIVEN & UNKNOWN

| x-direction (horizontal) | y-direction (vertical) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| $\Delta d_x =$ | $d_{y_o} =$ |
| | $d_{y_{final}} =$ |
| $v_{x_o} = v_x =$ | $v_{y_o} =$ |
| | $v_y =$ |
| $a_x = 0$ | $a_y = -9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}$ |
| $t =$ | |

EQUATIONS

| x-direction (horizontal) | y-direction (vertical) |
|------------------------------|---|
| $v_x = \frac{\Delta d_x}{t}$ | $v_y = v_{y_o} + a_y t$ $v_y^2 = v_{y_o}^2 + 2a_y \Delta d_y$ $d_{y_{final}} = d_{y_o} + v_{y_o} t + \frac{1}{2} a_y t^2$ |

Don't forget

- sohcahtoa when finding components
when angle measured from the horizontal the following is true:

$$v_x = v \cos \theta, \quad v_y = v \sin \theta$$

- $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{v_y}{v_x} \right)$ when angle measured from the horizontal

When the launch height is the same as the landing height

i) $v_y = -v_{y_o}$

- ii) $d_{y_{max}}$ & $v_{y_{peak}}$ occur at $\frac{1}{2}$ total time

$$v_{y_{peak}} = 0$$

iii) Range = $d_x = \frac{v_o^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$,

where $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

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